

How to Create a Robust Volunteer Program in Your Skilled Nursing Facility

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The most up-to-date version of this handbook can be downloaded at https://www.cahf.org/Programs/Special-Programs/Volunteer-Engagement-Project

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WHAT IS A VOLUNTEER?

Volunteers give the most valuable gifts - they give themselves and their time. Volunteers in skilled nursing facilities enhance the quality of life for residents through their kindness, patience, and enthusiasm. They help establish connection to the community, which can diminish isolation.

People choose to volunteer for a variety of reasons. For some, it offers the chance to give something back to the community or make a difference to the people around them. For others, it provides an opportunity to develop new skills or build on existing experience and knowledge.

Whatever the reason, volunteers offer an invaluable resource. They are not paid, because their time is priceless.

Volunteer management handbooks often suggest the development of regular weekly positions within programs structured for long term commitment. This does not always reflect the way that many volunteers wish, or are able to participate. Some different types of volunteers include:

Key Volunteer:

Has a deep connection or loyalty to a particular issue or organization and is more likely to participate consistently over time.

Pathway Volunteer:

Uses volunteer opportunity as a pathway to employment or to further their own development. Please note that a promise of future employment or expectation of compensation disqualifies a person to be classified as a volunteer in a for-profit organization.

Episodic Volunteer:

Takes on short term positions defined in hours or days and seeks positions with a product or other sort of outcome so that success is defined.

HOW CAN VOLUNTEERS HELP IN YOUR SKILLED NURSING FACILITY?

An active volunteer program can offer a great deal to your skilled nursing facility! It can:

- Augment your busy staff
- Provide group and individual interaction with your residents
- Allow you to develop person-centered programming
- Add energy and enthusiasm to your facility
- Establish and maintain continuity with the larger community
- Allow community members to experience a skilled nursing facility in a positive light and with a shared purpose

What types of programs could volunteers help with?

- Individual friendly visiting for isolated/lonely residents
- Assist with larger group activities
- Participation in family/holiday events
- Assist with indirect resident activities, such as downloading music onto MP3 players
- Participate in state-mandated person-centered programs
- Spiritual programs
- Educational/life-enhancing programs



Volunteer Disclaimer: California state law mandates that volunteers who work in for-profit organizations provide services that are altruistic in nature and that differ from services by paid staff.

COMMUNITY ASSESSMENT/VOLUNTEER COORDINATOR

Community Assessment

One of the best ways to promote volunteerism in your skilled nursing facility is to assess your community for potential sources of volunteers. Some potential volunteer sources include:

- Local elementary, middle, and high schools (both public and private)
- Local churches
- Community colleges and universities
- Companies with employer-supported volunteer programs
- Service organizations and clubs
- Youth or senior groups
- Family members of residents
- Online volunteer match sites

Once you have assessed potential sources of volunteers in your community, decide specifically where you want to start attracting volunteers from. This could be based on what volunteer jobs you have, an age-based target group, or data regarding groups that have successfully placed volunteers.

Volunteer Coordinator

Most successful volunteer programs have a designated Volunteer Coordinator who is the main contact and support person for volunteers. In skilled nursing facilities, this is often initially the Activity Director but another person could be designated for this role. Attracting, interviewing, and training new volunteers can and should be a group effort as long as there is a clear coordinator for planning, scheduling, and to whom volunteers can go with questions. Eventually, the Volunteer Coordinator for your facility could actually be a volunteer!

GOALS WORKSHEET

A volunteer program in the abstract sounds like a great idea, but it cannot be successful unless it has direction. This Goals Worksheet is designed to help your facility focus on the ways in which a volunteer program can be of most use to your residents.

Use this Goals Worksheet (blank copy and examples in **Appendix A**) to generate ideas and discussion about your volunteer program. Ideally, these questions should be discussed with staff from every department, including a representative from your Resident Council. Get together as a team and share your responses to each of the following questions (have one team member take notes):

•	Is there an element of your (non-mandated) current resident services that is incomplete or missing? Please describe.
•	Are there ways that volunteers could help fill this gap?
•	What would the facility be like if this problem was solved?
•	How would this volunteer program focus fit into your QAPI plan?
•	What are the specific tasks or jobs that you want volunteers to do?
•	How many volunteers, initially, would you like to attract?

GOALS WORKSHEET (CONT.)

	How often would you like volunteers for this program to participate? For how long during each visit?
	How will you track the success of this program?
•	When will you reconvene to discuss and evaluate your volunteer program's progress?
•	Using your responses above, put into 1-2 sentences your goal for a volunteer program at your facility:

Once you have completed this Goals Worksheet as a team, use the responses to complete a Facility Work Plan (blank copy and examples in **Appendix B**) to generate specific plans for attracting, planning, and retaining volunteers. An effective Facility Work Plan will include goals, procedures, tracking, and target dates for completion.

Complete an Attracting and Planning page for each goal (if you have more than one). Only one Retaining page needs to be completed.

CREATING A VOLUNTEER HANDBOOK

A comprehensive volunteer handbook is a helpful way to inform, educate, and support your volunteers. At its core, a volunteer handbook is a document that clearly defines what a skilled nursing facility does and how volunteers can help. Spending time to train individual volunteers can be time consuming and a handbook is a helpful way to ensure that everyone starts off with the same knowledge.

A volunteer handbook is similar to an employee handbook, just without the content that would only apply to paid staff. It is your skilled nursing facility's responsibility to make sure that each volunteer receives a copy, has time to read it, and signs an acknowledgement to that effect.

The following are some ideas of what to include in your volunteer handbook:

- Welcome letter to volunteers (Appendix C)
- Mission and purpose of the skilled nursing facility
- Building map, emergency evacuation procedures and safety rules
- Expectations for conduct and behavior
- Roles, responsibilities, and rights of volunteers
- Policies and procedures surrounding absence and discontinuation of volunteer service
- Policies and procedures surrounding filing a grievance
- Staff directory including essential phone numbers and emails

Be sure to have your volunteer handbook reviewed by your human resource or legal staff as there are laws and regulations that must be observed when utilizing volunteers. As with all key documents, your volunteer handbook should be evaluated and revised on a regular basis. Current volunteers can be an excellent resource to help with this!



VOLUNTEER MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE

Tracking and measuring your volunteer program is crucial to its success. While you can do this using an hourly log (**Appendix D**), volunteer management software provides an online standardized approach to volunteer tracking, reporting, measurement, and performance benchmarking. Volunteer management software can also enhance your ability to create, communicate, and fill volunteer opportunities quickly and efficiently.

Managing volunteers can be time consuming. Volunteer management software can make this task easier by automating common tasks and allowing you to communicate with your volunteers more efficiently. With volunteer management software, you can:

- Have volunteers schedule themselves and sign in for opportunities
- Track where volunteers are in the orientation process
- Create an online volunteer application to be easily accessed on your website
- Record and run reports on volunteer hours and other collected data points
- Communicate with your volunteers via email or text
- Advertise and promote upcoming training opportunities or events
- Allow all departments to create and add volunteer opportunities
- Incentivize and acknowledge volunteers through recognition

Volunteer management software is an excellent tool that can be used to develop your successful volunteer program. Making it easy to track, report, and acknowledge volunteer engagement will make life easier for you and your volunteers!



The CAHF Volunteer Engagement project utilized the volunteer management software, Volgistics. Learn more about Volgistics at: https://www.volgistics.com/.

HOW TO ATTRACT VOLUNTEERS

When looking for potential volunteers, find a contact person within the organization you are trying to reach. Although almost everyone communicates electronically these days, there is nothing like an actual conversation to convey your enthusiasm about your volunteer opportunities. If you only have email contact information initially, go ahead and send an email to your contact to see if you can set up a telephone call or in-person meeting (**Appendix E**).

If you do get an in-person meeting, dress professionally, be slightly early for the appointment, bring notes about your volunteer opportunities, and bring business cards or some way to provide your contact information. Be confident, shake hands, and smile! If you are enthusiastic about your volunteer opportunities, they will be too!

Describe the specific volunteer role(s) that you have available (**Appendix F**). Be prepared to answer questions about how many volunteers you would like, the training that will be required, and when you would like the volunteers to begin and end. This will help you both determine if there is a good fit between their volunteers and your volunteer opportunities.

Brainstorm different ways to reach the greatest number of people within their organization, which might include:

- Presenting at an organization's meeting or event
- Hosting an Open House at your skilled nursing facility and inviting the organization
- Posting notices at an organization office or on their website

It is always a good idea to follow up with a telephone call or an email to thank the person for their time, even if it appears they won't be able to help. If you do have a plan to move forward, repeat that plan in your telephone call or email just to make sure the plan is clear to both of you.

Meeting new people and essentially "selling" your skilled nursing facility's volunteer opportunities can be a challenge. Just like everything else, it will get easier each time you do it.

HOW TO ATTRACT VOLUNTEERS (CONT.)

Sometimes the most important interaction with a potential volunteer happens when they first walk in the door. It is important to have a plan in place!

- Smile, be welcoming, and show enthusiasm when greeting any potential volunteer.
- Demonstrate a prepared, organized response to volunteer inquires people want to know they will be part of a team that is organized.
- Have the Script for Welcoming Volunteers (**Appendix G**) handy for the receptionist to greet any scheduled or non-scheduled potential volunteers.
- Have Volunteer Applications (Appendix H) and Welcome Letters (Appendix C) in an easily accessible file near the receptionist's desk for any staff member to access. Have a work station and computer available for a potential volunteer to complete the application upon their arrival.
- Schedule a monthly Volunteer Meet & Greet time. Most volunteers will be excited to know they are part of an important group.

The Volunteer Coordinator should respond quickly to any expression of interest from a volunteer. If there is a delay in response, apologize and explain why you didn't reply immediately. Answer all volunteer questions fully and give volunteers all the information they need to make an informed decision.

Your goal is to give volunteers the opportunity to get involved or move on if the role is not right for them. It may be best to do this in person or over the telephone rather than emailing written information so that volunteers will have the opportunity to ask questions.



VOLUNTEER ROLE DESCRIPTIONS

An important aspect of attracting, training, and retaining volunteers is to make it clear what you want a volunteer to do. A specific description of the activities, duties, and time you expect can help you attract the right volunteer for every job. Clear expectations help your facility define and measure your volunteer goals, and help to keep communication with potential and continuing volunteers clear.

Write a Volunteer Role Description for each role you would like a volunteer to fulfill. The description may include:

General Responsibilities:

An overall description of the role within your facility.

Role Duties:

A specific list of duties that are expected.

Things to Remember:

A short list of items designed to be encouraging, reminders for important facility rules, and information about where a volunteer should go with questions or to request help.

Use the examples of Volunteer Role Descriptions (**Appendix F**) as a guide and then personalize them for your specific facility and volunteer needs. If you post volunteer opportunities online, you can use these descriptions to attract a volunteer who is just the right fit.

VOLUNTEER SELECTION AND SCREENING

Every year, thousands of people volunteer. Almost without exception these volunteers are eager to give of their time and effort simply because it helps others and their communities. However, just because most volunteers act altruistically doesn't mean that volunteers don't need to be screened. Good selection procedures recognize that the vast majority of volunteers deserve our best efforts to match them with a suitable role while also protecting vulnerable people.



Volunteers in skilled nursing facilities need to be screened in two ways:

Volunteer Interview (Appendix I):

Once you have reviewed a volunteer's application, you should sit down for at least a brief interview. This is important so that you both can understand if the potential volunteer is a good match for the volunteer role(s) available. Although it takes some extra time, you should contact the references listed on the volunteer application. You should also let each prospective volunteer know that their acceptance will be subject to a background check, and that some amount of training and orientation is necessary before they begin work as a volunteer.

Background Check:

The State Operations Manual requires that skilled nursing facility volunteers be screened along the same lines as skilled nursing facility employees. For volunteers, this will include a check for past criminal prosecution (F606). Volunteers under 18 years of age are not required to undergo a background check unless your facility policies state otherwise.

YOUTH VOLUNTEERS

The inclusion of youth in your volunteer force can greatly energize your residents and your facility. Intergenerational programs are fun for everyone involved and they provide significantly positive experiences for youth and seniors alike.

Older adults who interact with youth can learn new innovations and technologies and feel more a part of their community. Youth who interact with seniors broaden their social and communication skills and tend to develop a much more positive attitude toward aging.

Youth volunteers can be recruited from local schools, religious, and service groups. Many youth volunteer as part of a group led by an adult during holiday times - Halloween trick-or treating, Christmas caroling, etc. More regular youth participation can be very beneficial, however, and may be a focus of your recruiting efforts.

When recruiting youth volunteers, be aware of the nature of the roles you would like them to fill. If you are recruiting youth from an organization, be clear with the adult supervisor about your expectations regarding training, volunteer activity, and time commitment.

Potential youth volunteers should complete a Volunteer Application (**Appendix H**) and an interview (**Appendix I**). While they are not required to undergo a background check if they are under 18 years of age, youth volunteers are required to have a signed Parental Consent and Release Form (**Appendix K**). Keep this signed form on file.



ACCEPTING OR DECLINING A VOLUNTEER

Once you've gone through a selection and screening process, it's time to accept or decline a volunteer.

Welcoming a Volunteer:

Saying yes to a new volunteer marks the beginning of a long and happy association. Seize the moment and welcome them with gratitude and enthusiasm. Be sure to clearly state what will happen next so that their expectations are managed.

Saying No:

You don't have to involve every volunteer who expresses and interest in getting involved. For a variety of reasons, you just may not feel that a prospective volunteer would be a good fit for your facility's needs.

If you don't want to welcome an interested volunteer, it may be tempting just to avoid the issue and hope the volunteer loses interest. However, this approach gives a bad image of your organization and of volunteering in general. The best way forward when it comes to saying no is to let the volunteer know about your decision promptly and gently explain why. Let them know you appreciate their interest. If possible, suggest another type of organization that might be more suitable.



VOLUNTEER TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

The State Operations Manual for skilled nursing facilities generally includes volunteers in any training that is required for paid staff (483.95). Volunteer training, however, should take place separately from staff training to make the distinction between volunteers and employees crystal clear.

Such training **must** include:

- Communication
- Residents' Rights and Facility Responsibility
- Abuse, Neglect, & Exploitation including recognizing and reporting
- Quality Assurance and Performance Improvement
- Infection Control
- Compliance and Ethics
- Behavioral Health
- Dementia
- Accident Prevention
- Confidentiality and HIPAA Requirements
- Emergency Preparedness

Training in these areas may take the form of in-person instruction, video/computerized training, or written handouts.

Once training is completed, have each volunteer initial, sign, and date the Volunteer Acknowledgement Form (Appendix J) and keep it in your facility records.



VOLUNTEER RECOGNITION

Retaining quality volunteers is an essential part of any successful volunteer program. Being able to communicate to your volunteers the meaning and value of their contribution to your skilled nursing facility can go a long way in developing quality volunteer retention practices.

There are numerous ways to communicate to your volunteers how much their contributions are valued:

Communication:

- Provide feedback Pass on thoughtful feedback about the outcomes of their efforts in the form of a quick observation. For example, "Mrs. Smith smiled the whole afternoon after you visited with her." Never underestimate the power of a hand-written thank you note!
- Keep volunteers informed An e-newsletter or e-bulletin can be a quick and cost-effective way of keeping volunteers informed about facility developments and achievements. This will help them feel like an important part of the team.
- Encourage involvement in planning Ask volunteers for their input, maybe via a suggestion box, so that they feel their thoughts are important and can positively impact the skilled nursing facility's community.

Volunteers give selflessly of their time, but their contribution needs to be valued. Some ideas for volunteer recognition include:

Recognition:

- Volunteer of the month Once a volunteer group is established, gather feedback from staff and residents about the impact of your volunteers. A Volunteer of the Month can be recognized in a facility newsletter, a picture on the wall, and/or your volunteer e-bulletin.
 Be specific about the number of hours they have provided and the beneficial outcome of their work.
- Annual volunteer recognition day Organize a recurrent event to recognize volunteers, such as a lunch, dinner, or dessert reception. Gather the total number of volunteer hours, interview staff and residents about the benefits of your volunteer work force, and make your volunteers feel valued and appreciated. Hand out award certificates. Invite staff, residents, family members, members of any community group that has provided volunteers (local high school, church group, etc.), and media.

DEALING WITH PROBLEM VOLUNTEERS

One of the easiest ways to prevent difficulties with volunteers is to attract carefully, train thoroughly, and retain quality volunteers. Also, make sure that lines of communication are wide open. Volunteers do best when both you and they know what is expected of them.

As much as we appreciate volunteers, even the best-intentioned volunteers can cause problems - either through their behavior, their reliability, or their attitude. Troublesome volunteers can really impact the effectiveness of your programs and events. While each troublesome situation is different, here are some principles to consider when trying to solve a difficult volunteer problem:

Define the Issue:

Before you deal with a situation, you need to understand it accurately. Be sure to do this before you meet with the volunteer involved. If necessary, interview someone else familiar with the situation and take time to figure out what the problem might be. Is it:

- A character issue Does she/he lack moral judgement or a strong work ethic?
- A life issue Sometimes a volunteer can be suffering from acute stress or illness that affects their ability to perform.
- A competency issue Does she/he lack the skills necessary to do the job?
- A chemistry issue Is she/he good and competent, but just not a good fit?

Be ready to own you/your facility's part of the problem. It's almost never 100% the volunteer's problem.

Separate the Person from the Problem:

Good volunteers, just as good people, can sometimes demonstrate bad behavior. Affirm the person, and deal with the problem. Be specific, and don't overgeneralize. For example, "you're never on time" is less preferable to "you had to cancel the last two times you were scheduled."

DEALING WITH PROBLEM VOLUNTEERS (CONT.)

Be Direct:

Have a conversation in person. Don't send a text message, an email, or a policy message blast that everyone knows is targeted towards one person. Begin with praise and acknowledge something positive about the person or his/her work. Deal with the issue. End with a plan and some optimism that things can change. It is a good idea at the end of such a meeting to ask the volunteer to paraphrase what was said, so that you get an idea of how clearly they have understood.

Follow Up:

Book a casual follow-up in a month. Send an encouraging note.

Evaluate:

Evaluate the volunteer's progress. When you see positive change, let them know that you have noticed. If progress is not being made, be prepared to have another meeting. Consider reassignment, retraining, or referral to another organization.



EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS

The CMS Emergency Preparedness Rule set a new standard for skilled nursing facilities regarding volunteer management. In order to understand how state and/or federal volunteers can benefit your continuity of operations during a disaster, it is important to understand the different types of volunteers that the Public Health, EMS, and FEMA programs organize. These volunteers could be available to help your facility during a local large-scale emergency.

Credentialed Volunteer:

An individual with some sort of medical or clinical qualification that is registered within the Disaster Healthcare Volunteer system.

Affiliated Volunteer:

An individual that is attached to a recognized voluntary or nonprofit organization and is trained for specific disaster response activities. Their relationship with the organization precedes the immediate disaster. Examples include the American Red Cross or local service organizations who have disaster recovery assistance as part of their mission.

DSW (Disaster Service Worker):

Any person registered with a disaster council or the Governor's Office of Emergency Services for the purpose of engaging in disaster service pursuant to the California Emergency Services Act without pay or other consideration.

DHV (Disaster Healthcare Volunteer):

Any individual with medical, health, mental health, and other specialties that has been preregistered in the DHV system. They have had their qualifications verified and are registered as DSWs. During emergencies, they are requested by and deployed to clinics and hospitals that need additional medical staff.

Unofficial volunteers can also be included in your emergency preparedness plan. Those include your existing volunteers who already provide a variety of services to your residents on a regular basis. Spontaneous, non-credentialed volunteers, those "Good Samaritans" who present themselves at a facility during disasters, can also be utilized by the facility - with the right management.

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS (CONT.)

The CMS Emergency Preparedness Rule states that skilled nursing facilities must orient all volunteers on the facility's Emergency Preparedness Program and Emergency Operations Plan. This can be as simple as having a designated phone number and message for volunteers to call in and see if their assistance is needed at the facility and a plan for how they will be oriented and supervised while they are volunteering.

If you use the Nursing Home Incident Command System (NHICS), you already have a framework in place for incorporating volunteers into your emergency labor pool. Volunteers are a natural extension of your Operations branch under the NHICS system, and you will need to maintain a Volunteer Coordinator that can track their hours and monitor the safety of your volunteer workforce. For more information on the Nursing Home Incident Command System, visit: https://www.cahfdisasterprep.com/nhics.

Before requesting volunteers, here are a few things that your facility needs to consider:

- If needed, can you provide your volunteers with food, transportation, and lodging?
- Do the volunteers need any kind of personal protective equipment?
- Volunteers need to be appropriately oriented to the facility and the disaster situation.
- An appropriate level of supervision must be provided to volunteers at all times.
- Volunteers who are deployed must be accounted for from the initiation of assignments through demobilization (go to https://www.cahfdisasterprep.com/ for downloadable registration and tracking forms).
- Non-credentialed volunteers should not be expected to provide direct patient care or contact.
- Disaster Healthcare Volunteers (DHV) can be requested from the County via several modes of communication (go to https://www.cahfdisasterprep.com/ to learn more).

There are many examples of volunteers making a difference and displaying heroism during disasters at long-term care facilities. With the right management systems in place, a dedicated Volunteer Coordinator, and inclusion of volunteers during annual emergency exercises, you can strengthen your facility's Emergency Preparedness Program and protect the mission of your organization.

VOLUNTEERISM DURING TIMES THAT REQUIRE RESIDENT ISOLATION

At times, skilled nursing facilities may be faced with facility-wide, local, or even global restrictions that require the limitation of group activities, group dining, family and volunteer visits for the sake of resident health and safety. Such circumstances will result in short-term or long-term changes in the way that volunteers are recruited, trained, and included in the lives of facility residents.

During times of restricted volunteer visits, it is important to try to maintain the connections between volunteers and residents. Letters and cards from volunteers can be a way to ensure your isolated residents feel remembered and connected. Use of tablets and smart phones for video chat can make remote visits more personal than a standard phone call. There are multiple technological platforms that are free and easy to use to facilitate such video visits.

It is also important for your volunteers to remain connected to your facility. Many of the recommendations in the **Volunteer Recognition** section of this handbook (page 17) can be implemented remotely, via email, text message, or phone. Cards and letters of appreciation from residents can be effective ways to value volunteers while providing residents an activity that can be done in isolation.

Skilled nursing facilities may experience an increase in community and family member interest in helping during times of local or global crisis. Establishing a plan for such circumstances will help you take advantage of this increased interest. Try encouraging family members or community volunteers to message residents through virtual platforms or a letter-writing campaign. New volunteers who have been welcomed and valued during a crisis may show interest in continuing to volunteer when facilities are again open to visitors.

Social isolation and visitor restrictions place nursing home residents at increased risk for various physical and mental health ailments that come with loneliness. Activity staff then become challenged with the task of providing meaningful individual activities that can mitigate these negative effects. A robust volunteer program can provide support to activity staff and residents during times that require resident isolation.

REPORTING AND TRACKING VOLUNTEERISM WITH QAPI

According to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, "QAPI is the coordinated application of two mutually-reinforcing aspects of a quality management system: Quality Assurance (QA) and Performance Improvement (PI). QAPI takes a systematic, comprehensive, and data-driven approach to maintaining and improving safety and quality in nursing homes while involving all nursing home caregivers in practical and creative problem solving."

- QA is the specification of standards for quality of service and outcomes, and a process
 throughout the organization for assuring that care is maintained at acceptable levels in
 relation to those standards. QA is on-going, both anticipatory and retrospective in its
 efforts to identify how the organization is performing, including where and why facility
 performance is at risk or has failed to meet standards.
- PI (also called Quality Improvement QI) is the continuous study and improvement of
 processes with the intent to better services or outcomes, and prevent or decrease the
 likelihood of problems, by identifying areas of opportunity and testing new approaches to
 fix underlying causes of persistent/systemic problems or barriers to improvement. PI in
 nursing homes aims to improve processes involved in health care delivery and resident
 quality of life. PI can make good quality even better."

Using a QAPI approach to your volunteer program is highly recommended. While it is important to report on volunteer stories of success, it's the documentation of quality outcomes through "hard data" that will help prove the value of your volunteer program.

Identify quality measures, set measurable program goals based on internal and external benchmarks, identify opportunities for improvement, and collaborate with your interdisciplinary team on QAPI initiatives.

Use the sample QAPI Reports provided (**Appendix L**) to track volunteer hours, intergenerational volunteer hours, or volunteer activity hours. Stop assuming and start proving the value and success of your volunteer program through data!

SUSTAINING A QUALITY VOLUNTEER PROGRAM

You have worked really hard to develop, attract, and launch a great volunteer program. Now how do you keep it going?

Sustaining your volunteer program is just as important as starting it! Here are some tips on how to sustain, grow, and develop your volunteer program.

Recognition:

Make sure that you recognize and appreciate the volunteers you have, loudly and regularly! (See Volunteer Recognition on page 16)

Evaluation:

Be sure to assess the success of your volunteer program on a <u>regular</u> basis. Once a month, informally check in with your volunteers, staff, and residents to ask about their satisfaction with the program. Ask if they think the volunteer program is making a positive difference.

If there is any dissatisfaction with the program, try to assess why that is:

- Volunteer dissatisfaction Is this a scheduling issue, an interpersonal issue, a poor fit for the job, a lack of training or support? Is the volunteer clear about his/her role?
- Staff dissatisfaction Is the volunteer program unhelpful to staff or interfering with their ability to do their job (such as a timing issue)? Does it appear to not be helping the resident(s)?
- Resident dissatisfaction Is the resident unhappy with a specific volunteer, finding the interaction unhelpful, or unclear about the volunteer's role?

Take this assessment information seriously and meet with those involved to make changes to the existing program that will increase its success. Sometimes a minor schedule change, a conversation to clarify roles, or a small change in a volunteer task can make all the difference.

Keep track of your volunteers! Who stays and who goes, and why? Follow up to find out why some volunteers stay and why others leave.

SUSTAINING A QUALITY VOLUNTEER PROGRAM (CONT.)

Retention:

Most volunteers want to be busy and challenged, not bored. Recognize their contributions and ask about their continuing interest in their role. Are they happy with their job, or ready for a new challenge? Is there a job that they see other volunteers doing that they might want to try? Are they interested in mentoring a new volunteer?

Reimagine:

It is tempting, once you have an ongoing volunteer program, to just let it continue. This does not mean, however, that your current program will continue to meet the needs of your residents, your staff, and your community.

Every six months, meet with your staff and complete a new Goals Worksheet (**Appendix A**) like the one that you filled out at the beginning of your volunteer program.

Also take the time to ask the following questions:

- Have the needs of your program changed?
- Have the needs of your residents changed?
- Do you need more volunteers to do the same work?
- Do you need volunteers to fill a new need in your facility?
- Has the source of your volunteers changed in their ability to provide volunteers?
- Do you need to develop a new or additional source of volunteers?

Once you have a quality volunteer program, it is much easier to change and expand it.

Creating new programs and opportunities can re-energize everyone, make your program healthier, and strengthen the ties between your facility and your community.

As always, please have your corporate/legal staff review and revise any form you have your volunteers sign, and make sure the content of the form complies with your facility's Policies & Procedures.

APPENDICES: SAMPLE FORMS



*Many of the sample forms in the following appendices can be created and managed through volunteer management software.

GOALS WORKSHEET

•	Is there an element of your (non-mandated) current resident services that is incomplete or missing? Please describe.
•	Are there ways that volunteers could help fill this gap?
•	What would the facility be like if this problem was solved?
•	How would this volunteer program focus fit into your QAPI plan?
•	What are the specific tasks or jobs that you want volunteers to do?
•	How many volunteers, initially, would you like to recruit?
•	How often would you like volunteers for this program to participate? For how long during each visit?
•	How will you track the success of this program?
•	When will you reconvene to discuss and evaluate your volunteer program's progress?

GOALS WORKSHEET (CONT.)

Using your responses above, put into 1-2 sentences your goal for a volunteer program at
your facility:

GOALS WORKSHEET: EXAMPLE #1

 Is there an element of your (non-mandated) current resident services that is incomplete or missing? Please describe.

We have residents at our facility who don't have visitors or who tend to stay in their rooms. They seem lonely and isolated.

Are there ways that volunteers could help fill this gap?

We could get volunteers to agree to visit one of these residents on a regular basis.

What would the facility be like if this problem was solved?

Residents would feel less lonely, more connected, and have something to look forward to. It would also be nice to have community members come to the facility on a regular basis.

How would this volunteer program focus fit into your QAPI plan? (for staff only)

Our QAPI goals include increasing resident-centered programs. Volunteer visitors who visit the same resident on a regular basis would be able to help meet that individual resident's needs.

• What are the specific tasks or jobs that you want volunteers to do?

We would like our volunteers to visit specified residents on an individual basis to provide companionship, individual attention, socialization, and 1:1 activity. Volunteers may sign up to work with either one or two residents.

How many volunteers, initially, would you like to recruit?

We initially want to recruit 5 volunteers to begin these services, and expand that number as needed.

 How often would you like volunteers for this program to participate? For how long during each visit?

We would like each volunteer to come on a weekly basis for one hour per resident.

We would ask that each volunteer commit to provide services for 6 months, which can be extended.

GOALS WORKSHEET: EXAMPLE #1 (CONT.)

How will you track the success of this program?

We will track the number of hours each volunteer participates per month and the number of hours of our volunteers as a whole per month. We will ask volunteers, staff, and residents at least once per month about the impact of the volunteer program.

When will you reconvene to discuss and evaluate your volunteer program's progress?

We will meet again in six months to discuss and evaluate our progress.

 Using your responses above, put into 1-2 sentences your goal for a volunteer program at your facility:

A volunteer program that provided individual volunteers for residents who are isolated or lonely would greatly improve resident quality of life and the general well-being of our facility.

GOALS WORKSHEET: EXAMPLE #2

 Is there an element of your (non-mandated) current resident services that is incomplete or missing? Please describe.

There is currently no official celebration of resident birthdays. It would be nice to celebrate resident birthdays on a monthly basis so that they feel recognized and proud of their age.

Are there ways that volunteers could help fill this gap?

We could recruit a volunteer group to plan and lead a resident birthday celebration once a month.

What would the facility be like if this problem was solved?

Residents would feel that their birthdays and ages are still worthy of celebration. Staff could be aware of resident birthdays and more likely to offer their congratulations.

How would this volunteer program focus fit into your QAPI plan? (for staff only)

Our QAPI goals include increasing resident-centered programs. A monthly birthday party would help residents feel remembered and celebrated at the facility and in the community.

What are the specific tasks or jobs that you want volunteers to do?

We would like our volunteers to plan, organize, and carry out a monthly resident birthday party. This will include obtaining a list of resident birthdays by month, coordinate a day and time with the activity director, contact the dietary department regarding refreshments, and make or provide birthday cards for each birthday resident. The volunteer group would be responsible for set-up and clean up.

How many volunteers, initially, would you like to recruit?

We initially want to recruit a group of four volunteers to begin these services. This number could be expanded or decreased depending upon need.

GOALS WORKSHEET: EXAMPLE #2 (CONT.)

 How often would you like volunteers for this program to participate? For how long during each visit?

We would like the volunteer group to come once per month on a specified day and time for the party. This would probably require two hours per event, including set up and clean up. We would ask that each volunteer commit to provide services for six months, which can be extended.

How will you track the success of this program?

We will track the number of hours each volunteer participates per month and the number of hours of our volunteers as a whole per month.

We will ask volunteers, staff, and residents at least once per month following the birthday party about the impact of the volunteer program.

When will you reconvene to discuss and evaluate your volunteer program's progress?

We will meet again in six months to discuss and evaluate our progress.

 Using your responses above, put into 1-2 sentences your goal for a volunteer program at your facility:

A volunteer program that provided monthly resident birthday parties would greatly improve resident quality of life and the general well-being of our facility. Celebrations would be fun and bring people closer together.

WORK PLAN

Date:	Facility Name:	CALIFOENIA ASSOCIATION OF HEALTH FACULTISS
of your residents and areas where	I for your volunteer program. You should have a conversation with your entire interdisciplinary team regarding the needs volunteers could offer support. Then compose an overall goal that addresses these needs / areas through volunteerism. Paning it is Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, and Time-Based. Example: Create a resident book club that meets of tracting volunteers.	It is recommended that
Overall Goal(s):		

How to use these tables: The overall goal identifies an improvement to be made. To accomplish this goal, you will complete three phases: attracting, planning, and retaining. Each phase includes one or more objectives. Objectives are the steps you take within each phase in service of the overall goal. Then, the objectives are broken down further into tasks. Tasks will be completed along the way to meeting the objective. As you fill out the table for each phase, track your objectives from left to right on the table and answer the questions in each column along the way. The worksheet is intended to help you understand the components of your overall goal and the process to achieving it.

	How will you recruit volunteers to meet your overall goal(s)? Define one objective	Who needs to be involved inside and outside the organization to accomplish this objective?	Who will ensure this objective is completed?	List 2 specific tasks for each person/group to accomplish in order to meet the recruitment objective.	Who will monitor progress on these tasks? How will progress be monitored?	When do we want these tasks completed?
ng Phase		□ Activity Director □ Administrator □ Director of Nursing □ Director of Staff Development □ Social Services	□ Activity Director □ Administrator □ Director of Nursing □ Director of Staff Development □ Social Services	Activity Director	Activity Director Weekly report to Administrator Weekly report to team Other:	days <i>or</i> Date: Actual Date Completed:
Attractin		☐ Activity Staff ☐ Dietary ☐ Community church ☐ Community school ☐ Other:	□ Activity Staff □ Dietary □ Other:	Administrator	Administrator Weekly report to team Other:	days or Date: Actual Date Completed:
	Examples: - Attract _4 new volunteers Engage current volunteers to serve8 more hours permonth			Interdisciplinary team	Interdisciplinary Team ☐ Report at weekly IDT meeting ☐ Other:	days <i>or</i> Date: Actual Date Completed:

Appendix B

	How do you <u>plan</u> to accomplish your overall goal(s)? List four objectives that are included in that plan.	Who needs to be involved inside and outside the organization?	Who will ensure planning objectives are completed?	List two specific tasks for each objective in the planning phase.	Who will monitor progress? How will we monitor progress? Example: Weekly report to Administrator or IDT at stand up	When do we want these tasks completed?
		☐ Activity Director	☐ Activity Director	<u> </u>	Progress monitor person:	days <i>or</i>
		☐ Administrator	☐ Administrator		How to monitor progress?	Date:
		☐ Activity Staff				
		☐ Other:				Actual Date
						Completed:
	Example: Start using volunteer role descriptions			Example: create role descriptions; or, print the templates from the handbook; place print outs at front desk		
a		☐ Activity Director	☐ Activity Director	<u> </u>	Progress monitor person:	days <i>or</i>
se		☐ Activity Staff	☐ Administrator		How to monitor progress?	Date:
Pha				<u> </u>		
直						Actual Date
b 0						Completed:
nning	Example: Conduct volunteer Interviews			Example: review volunteer applications; schedule interviews; call candidates		
		☐ Activity Director	☐ Activity Director		Progress monitor person:	days <i>or</i>
Pla		☐ Activity Staff	☐ Activity Staff		How to monitor progress?	Date:
<u>_</u>				<u> </u>		
						Actual Date
			<u> </u>	Example: input volunteer info into		Completed:
	Example: Set up Volgistics (volunteer mgmt. software)			Volgistics; set up volunteer schedule in Volgistics; print schedule and post for all to see		
		☐ Director of Staff	☐ Activity Director	<u> </u>	Progress monitor person:	days <i>or</i>
		Development	☐ Administrator		How to monitor progress?	Date:
		☐ Activity Director	☐ Director of Staff			
		<u> </u>	Development			Actual Date
		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	Completed:
	Example: Train / Onboard volunteers			Example: schedule a training session for new volunteers share details with applicants: re-train existing volunteers		

	What are two things you can do to <u>retain</u> volunteers, which will help you accomplish your goal(s)?	Who needs to be involved inside and outside the organization?	Who will ensure our retaining goals are completed?	List three specific tasks to be completed this part of the retaining phase. Check the box when the task is completed.	Who will monitor progress of this specific task? How will progress be monitored? Example: weekly check-in email to Dietary and IDT about event	When do we want this task completed?
		☐ Activity Director	☐ Activity Director	<u> </u>	Progress monitor person:	days
		☐ Administrator	☐ Administrator		How to monitor progress?	or Date:
		☐ Director of Nursing	☐ Interdisciplinary team		D	
		☐ Director of Staff Development			<u> </u>	Actual Date Completed:
		☐ Social Services		Example: Plan a volunteer appreciation event during Volunteer Week in April.		completed.
		☐ Activity Staff		<u> </u>	Progress monitor person:	days <i>or</i>
		☐ Dietary			How to monitor progress?	Date:
Se		☐ Community organization(s):			D	Actual Date
ש ו				Example: Ask residents to make thank you cards for volunteers.		Completed:
吊					Progress monitor person:	days <i>or</i>
ಹಿ		☐ Other:			How to monitor progress?	Date:
ing	Example: Plan a volunteer				How to monitor progress?	Actual Date
2.	recognition event to honor National Volunteer Month			Example: Request for ideas and support from Dietary dept. and entire interdisciplinary team.		Completed:
ta		☐ Activity Director	☐ Activity Director		Progress monitor person:	days <i>or</i>
Re		☐ Administrator	☐ Administrator		How to monitor progress?	Date:
		☐ Director of Nursing	☐ Interdisciplinary team	Everyories Determine whose to held the		Actual Date
		☐ Director of Staff Development		Example: Determine where to hold the monthly event and how staff will support	<u> </u>	Completed:
		☐ Social Services			Progress monitor person:	days or
		☐ Activity Staff			How to monitor program?	Date:
		☐ Dietary			How to monitor progress?	Actual Date
		☐ Community organization(s):		Example: Ask residents to make invitations and decorations for events.		Completed:
					Progress monitor person:	days or
					How to monitor progress?	Date:
	Example: Develop a monthly	☐ Other:		Example: Request for ideas and support		Actual Date
	Volunteer Recognition Event	☐ Other:		from Dietary dept. and entire interdisciplinary team.		Completed:

WORK PLAN EXAMPLE #1

	£ 7
	CAUFORNIA ASSOCIATION OF HEALTH FACURES
V	OLUNTEER ENGAGEMENT
	PROJECT

Date:_	03/06/2019	Facility Name:	California Skilled Nursing Facility	,
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Instructions: Define an overall goal for your volunteer program. You should have a conversation with your entire interdisciplinary team regarding the needs of your residents and areas where volunteers could offer support. Then compose an overall goal that addresses these needs / areas through volunteerism. It is recommended that your overall goal be S.M.A.R.T., meaning it is Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, and Time-Based. Example: Create a resident book club that meets once per week for one hour and is led by at least two alternating volunteers.

<u>9dd 5 hours o</u>	<u>f one-on-one interactio</u>	<u>n with residents weekly</u>	
		•	

How to use these tables: The overall goal identifies an improvement to be made. To accomplish this goal, you will complete three phases: attracting, planning, and retaining. Each phase includes one or more objectives. Objectives are the steps you take within each phase in service of the overall goal. Then, the objectives are broken down further into tasks. Tasks will be completed along the way to meeting the objective. As you fill out the table for each phase, track your objectives from left to right on the table and answer the questions in each column along the way. The worksheet is intended to help you understand the components of your overall goal and the process to achieving it.

Attracting Phase	How will you recruit volunteers to meet your overall goal(s)? Define one objective	Who needs to be involved inside and outside the organization to accomplish this objective?	Who will ensure this objective is completed?	List 2 specific tasks for each person/group to accomplish in order to meet the recruitment objective.	Who will monitor progress on these tasks? How will progress be monitored?	When do we want these tasks completed?
	We need to attract	✓ Activity Director ✓ Administrator	✓ Activity Director ✓ Administrator	Activity Director	Activity Director Weekly report to	<u>30</u> days or
	3 new volunteers	☑ Director of Nursing ☑ Director of Staff Development ☑ Social Services	☐ Director of Nursing ☐ Director of Staff Development ☐ Social Services	Speak at local rotary club event to promote volunteering	Administrator W Weekly report to team Other:	Date: Actual Date Completed:
		✓ Activity Staff ✓ Dietary ✓ Community church ✓ Community school □ Other:	□ Activity Staff □ Dietary □ Other:	Administrator Post flyer 3x in community	Administrator W Weekly report to team Other:	15 days or Date: Actual Date Completed:
	Examples: - Attract <u>4</u> new volunteers Engage current volunteers to serve <u>8</u> more hours per	<u> current volunteers</u> □		Interdisciplinary team Talk to 2 people in network about volunteer opportunities	Interdisciplinary Team ✓ Report at weekly IDT meeting ☐ Other:	<u>30</u> days or Date: Actual Date Completed:

Planning Phase	How do you <u>plan</u> to accomplish your overall goal(s)? List four objectives that are included in that plan.	Who needs to be involved inside and outside the organization?	Who will ensure planning objectives are completed?	List two specific tasks for each objective in the planning phase.	Who will monitor progress? How will we monitor progress? Example: Weekly report to Administrator or IDT at stand up	When do we want these tasks completed?
	Discuss volunteer needs in facility and determine possible volunteer roles Examle: Start using volunteer role descriptions	Activity Director Administrator Activity Staff Other:	Activity Director Administrator	☐ Discuss volunteer program at Resident Council meeting, gather suggestions for roles ☐ Review role descriptions from Handbook and revise as needed Example: create role descriptions; or, print the templates from the handbook;	Progress monitor person: _Activity Director How to monitor progress?	30 days or Date: Actual Date Completed:
	Interview potential volunteers Example: Conduct volunteer	Activity Director Activity Staff	☐ Activity Director ☑ Administrator ☐	place print outs at front desk Gather volunteer applications Set up interview times with potential volunteers Example: review volunteer applications;	Progress monitor person: <u>Dir, of Staff Development</u> How to monitor progress? <u>Report to administrator</u> <u>weekly via email</u>	days or ongoing Date: Actual Date Completed:
	Interviews Set up new Volunteer profiles in Volunteer management software Example: Set up Volgistics (volunteer mgmt. software)	□ Activity Director ☑ Activity Staff ☑ Administrator □	Activity Director Activity Staff	schedule interviews; call candidates Collect contact info from volunteers Take volunteer photos for	Progress monitor person: Activity Director How to monitor progress? Report monthly update to Administrator and IDT weekly check in with activity staff	30 days or and ongoing Date: Actual Date Completed:
	Train new volunteers Example: Train / Onboard volunteers	☑ Director of Staff Development ☑ Activity Director □	□ Activity Director ✓ Administrator ✓ Director of Staff Development □ □	Confirm all necessary training materials with DSD Set up time for multiple volunteers to be trained during employee orientation: Example: schedule a training session for new volunteers share details with applicants; re-train existing volunteers	Progress monitor person: Activity Director How to monitor progress? Report to administrator whenever traingings take place	<u>45</u> days or ongoing Date: Actual Date Completed:

	What are two things you can do to <u>retain</u> volunteers, which will help you accomplish your goal(s)?	Who needs to be involved inside and outside the organization?	Who will ensure our retaining goals are completed?	List three specific tasks to be completed this part of the retaining phase. Check the box when the task is completed.	Who will monitor progress of this specific task? How will progress be monitored? Example: weekly check-in email to Dietary and IDT about event	When do we want this task completed?
se	Plan a volunteer recognition event for Volunteer Appreciation Week in April	Activity Director Administrator Director of Nursing Social Services Activity Staff Dietary Community organization(s):	Activity Director Administrator Interdisciplinary team Director of Social Services	□ Identify engaging theme for the event and solicit help from IDT for fun activities to incorporate Example: Plan a volunteer appreciation event during Volunteer Week in April. □ Send personal invitations to volunteers through email or text	Progress monitor person: Activity Staff How to monitor progress? Report to Activity Director Progress monitor person: Activity Director How to monitor progress? Report to IDT	30 days or Date: Actual Date Completed: 14 days or Date: Actual Date Completed:
aining Pha	Example: Plan a volunteer recognition event to honor National Volunteer Month	☐ Other:		Example: Ask residents to make thank you cards for volunteers. Schedule brief visit from administrator during event, to say thanks Example: Request for ideas and support from Dietary dept. and entire interdisciplinary team.	Progress monitor person: Activity Director How to monitor progress? Email check in with admin	5 days or Date: Actual Date Completed:
Reta	Coordinate monthly thank you card campaign from residents to	✓ Activity Director ✓ Administrator □ Director of Nursing □ Director of Staff Development	✓ Activity Director ✓ Administrator ✓ Interdisciplinary team	Coordinate regular cardmaking activity for residents Example: Determine where to hold the monthly event and how staff will support	Progress monitor person: Activity Director How to monitor progress? mail update to admin	<u>70 d</u> ays or Date: Actual Date Completed:
	volunteers	☐ Social Services ✓ Activity Staff ☐ Dietary ☐ Community organization(s):		Ask residents who have relationships with volunteers to write personal thank you notes Example: Ask residents to make invitations and decorations for events.	Progress monitor person: Activity Staff How to monitor progress? Report to Activity Director	<u>75 d</u> ays <i>or</i> Date: Actual Date Completed:
	Example: Develop a monthly Volunteer Recognition Event	✓ Other: <i>residents</i>		Example: Request for ideas and support from Dietary dept. and entire interdisciplinary team.	Progress monitor person: _Administrator How to monitor progress? _Report to IDT	<u>30</u> days <i>or</i> Date: Actual Date Completed:

WORK PLAN EXAMPLE #2

CAUFORNIA ASSOCIATION OF HEALTH FACURES
VOLUNTEER ENGAGEMENT
PROJECT

Date:_	08/01/2020	Facility Name:	California	Skilled	Nursing	Facility
			94111011114	<u> </u>	1 0 011 31119	1 40/1/09

Instructions: Define an overall goal for your volunteer program. You should have a conversation with your entire interdisciplinary team regarding the needs of your residents and areas where volunteers could offer support. Then compose an overall goal that addresses these needs / areas through volunteerism. It is recommended that your overall goal be S.M.A.R.T., meaning it is Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, and Time-Based. *Example: Create a resident book club that meets once per week for one hour and is led by at least two alternating volunteers*.

Overall Goal(s): Add 10 hours of virtual one-on-one interaction with residents weekly

How to use these tables: The overall goal identifies an improvement to be made. To accomplish this goal, you will complete three phases: attracting, planning, and retaining. Each phase includes one or more objectives. Objectives are the steps you take within each phase in service of the overall goal. Then, the objectives are broken down further into tasks. Tasks will be completed along the way to meeting the objective. As you fill out the table for each phase, track your objectives from left to right on the table and answer the questions in each column along the way. The worksheet is intended to help you understand the components of your overall goal and the process to achieving it.

	How will you recruit volunteers to meet your overall goal(s)? Define one objective	Who needs to be involved inside and outside the organization to accomplish this objective?	Who will ensure this objective is completed?	List 2 specific tasks for each person/group to accomplish in order to meet the recruitment objective.	Who will monitor progress on these tasks? How will progress be monitored?	When do we want these tasks completed?
Phase	We need to attract 5 new volunteers	Activity Director Administrator Director of Nursing Director of Staff Development	✓ Activity Director ✓ Administrator □ Director of Nursing □ Director of Staff Development	Activity Director Contact local church Make flyer to advertise virtual volunteer program	Activity Director Weekly report to Administrator Weekly report to team Other:	14 days or Date: Actual Date Completed:
Attracting		□ Social Services ✓ Activity Staff □ Dietary ✓ Community church □ Community school □ Other:	□ Social Services □ Activity Staff □ Dietary □ Other:	Administrator Post flyer on facility website	Administrator W Weekly report to team Other:	14 days or Date: Actual Date Completed:
	Examples: - Attract _4 new volunteers Engage current volunteers to serve_8 more hours per month	<u>✓ current volunteers</u>		Interdisciplinary team Talk to 3 people each about virtual volunteer opportunities	Interdisciplinary Team ✓ Report at weekly IDT meeting ☐ Other:	14 days or Date: Actual Date Completed:

Planning Phase	How do you <u>plan</u> to accomplish your overall goal(s)? List four objectives that are included in that plan.	Who needs to be involved inside and outside the organization?	Who will ensure planning objectives are completed?	List two specific tasks for each objective in the planning phase.	Who will monitor progress? How will we monitor progress? Example: Weekly report to Administrator or IDT at stand up	When do we want these tasks completed?
	Use/revise virtual individual role description to meet our facility needs Example: Start using volunteer role descriptions	Activity Director Administrator Activity Staff Other:	Activity Director Administrator	□ review and revise description Handbook to meet our specific needs □ Review role description with interdisciplinary team Example: create role descriptions; or, print the templates from the handbook; place print outs at front desk	Progress monitor person: Activity Director How to monitor progress? Review progress with Administrator	<u>14</u> days <i>or</i> Date: Actual Date Completed:
	Conduct volunteer interviews Example: Conduct volunteer Interviews	Activity Director Activity Staff	□ Activity Director ✓ Administrator □ □	Set up times to interviewpotential volunteers by phone	Progress monitor person: Activity Director How to monitor progress? Report to Administrator	30 days or and ongoing Date: Actual Date Completed:
	Set up ways to use technology for virtual one-on-one visits Example: Set up Volgistics (volunteer mgmt. software)	□ Activity Director ✓ Activity Staff ✓ Administrator □	Activity Director Activity Staff	Assess resident and volunteer ability to use Facetime, Zoom, etc. for virtual connection Example: input volunteer info into Volgistics; set up volunteer schedule in Volgistics; print schedule and post for all to see	Progress monitor person: Activity Director How to monitor progress? Report to Administrator and IDT	days or ongoing Date: Actual Date Completed:
	Train new volunteers Example: Train / Onboard volunteers	Director of Staff Development Activity Director	☐ Activity Director ☑ Administrator ☑ Director of Staff Development ☐	Set up time for online training with new volunteers Coordinate training with D5D Example: schedule a training session for new volunteers share details with applicants; re-train existing volunteers	Progress monitor person: Activity Director How to monitor progress? Report to IDT	days or ongoing Date: Actual Date Completed:

Appendix B

ining Phase	What are two things you can do to <u>retain</u> volunteers, which will help you accomplish your goal(s)?	Who needs to be involved inside and outside the organization?	Who will ensure our retaining goals are completed?	List three specific tasks to be completed this part of the retaining phase. Check the box when the task is completed.	Who will monitor progress of this specific task? How will progress be monitored? Example: weekly check-in email to Dietary and IDT about event	When do we want this task completed?
	Send weekly emails thanking virtual volunteers for their service	Activity Director Administrator Director of Nursing Director of Staff Development Social Services Activity Staff Dietary Community organization(s):	✓ Activity Director ✓ Administrator □ Interdisciplinary team ✓ Director of Staff Development □ □ □	Send a group email thanking virtual volunteers for their time Example: Plan a volunteer appreciation event during Volunteer Week in April. Help draft "thank you" email for virtual volunteers	Progress monitor person: Activity Director How to monitor progress? Include Admin on emails Progress monitor person: Director of Staff Development How to monitor progress? Report to Administrator	days or Date: Weekly, ongoing Actual Date Completed: 14 days or Date: Actual Date Completed:
	Example: Plan a volunteer recognition event to honor National Volunteer Month	Other:		Example: Ask residents to make thank you cards for volunteers. Example: Request for ideas and support from Dietary dept. and entire interdisciplinary team.	Progress monitor person: How to monitor progress?	days <i>or</i> Date: Actual Date Completed:
Reta	Plan a monthly event to recognize virtual volunteers	Activity Director Administrator Director of Nursing Director of Staff Development	✓ Activity Director ✓ Administrator □ Interdisciplinary team □	Ask volunteers for photos to post on recognition board Example: Determine where to hold the monthly event and how staff will support	Progress monitor person: Activity Director How to monitor progress? update Administrator	30 days or Date: Actual Date Completed:
		☐ Social Services ✓ Activity Staff ☐ Dietary ☐ Community organization(s):		Ask residents who have relationships with volunteers to write thank you notes Example: Ask residents to make invitations and decorations for events.	Progress monitor person: Activity Staff How to monitor progress? Report to Activity Director	30 days or Date: Actual Date Completed:
	Example: Develop a monthly Volunteer Recognition Event	☐ Other:		Post virtual volunteer recognition on facility website Example: Request for ideas and support from Dietary dept. and entire interdisciplinary team.	Progress monitor person: Administrator How to monitor progress? Report to IDT	30 days or Date: Actual Date Completed:

WELCOME LETTER TO VOLUNTEERS

Welcome and thank you for your interest in volunteering at	Our
resident community is greatly enhanced by the work of our volunteers.	
offers various opportunities for volunteers. Before completing	ıg an
application it is important that you understand some important information about become	ming a
volunteer with us. Our volunteers perform roles that are humanitarian in nature withou	ıt pay or
the expectation of future employment.	

Application: You will be asked to complete a written application that includes personal information and this information will be verified. You will need to give us permission to make inquiries of others concerning your suitability as a volunteer.

Criminal Background Check: All volunteers who work in skilled nursing facilities must agree to a criminal background check. This is for the safety of our residents and is required of all paid staff as well. *Volunteers under the age of 18 not required. Please provide parental permission signature.

Facility Rules & Regulations: Our nursing facility expects all volunteers to uphold standards of behavior as set forth in our facility rules and regulations. Please read the document that will be provided to you and make sure you are willing and able to abide by it.

Orientation & Training: All volunteers must participate in a mandatory orientation and training program. This will be scheduled prior to your assignment as a volunteer and will involve approximately 2-3 hours of your time. Such training will include: Resident Rights, Elder Abuse & Neglect, Infection Control, Dementia, Accident Prevention, Confidentiality, and Emergency Preparedness.

Confidentiality: In the course of volunteering, you may be dealing with confidential information about others. You must abide by the confidentiality regulations you receive in your training and be willing to keep such information in the strictest confidence.

Appendix C

complete the Volunteer Application.

Health Concerns: You may find yourself working in an environment	ent of contagious disease and
you must be willing to protect yourself and others with appropriat	e precautions and
procedures.	
Termination: The relationship between	
will" arrangement and may be terminated at any time without cau	use by either the volunteer or
the facility.	
Image Release: We will ask you to be willing to give	permission to
use your likeness, voice and/or words in television, radio, film, or	in any form to promote
activities at our facility.	,
Volunteer Service: The volunteer service that you will provide is	voluntary in nature and will
not be compensated. Also, volunteering is no guarantee of empl	oyment, nor does being a
volunteer give you preference.	
If you have any questions about any of this information, please fe	eel free to ask the Volunteer
Coordinator. If you are ready to take on this wonderful responsible	oility, your next step is to

VOLUNTEER LOG

NAME:

DATE	ROLE/ACTIVITY	START TIME	END TIME	TOTAL HOURS

SCRIPT FOR RECRUITING VOLUNTEERS

Email Contact:			
"Hello! I am	from	, and I received your	
		the internet, a website, the organization's	
receptionist, etc.). I am writin	g today to see if we co	ould set up a time to talk about some of the	е
great volunteer opportunities	we have. Please let n	me know when would be a convenient time)
for us to talk. I can be reached	ed at this email, or at $_$	(phone number)	
between the hours of	(your	r work hours).	
Thank you very much for you	r time. I look forward t	to hearing from you."	
Telephone Contact:			
"Hello! I am	from	Thank you so much for	
		ers that might be interested in helping out	
		have some volunteer opportunities that	
I would love to tell you about. recruiting).	(Briefly describe the	specific volunteer task(s) for which you ar	e
Does this sound like something	ng your volunteers cou	uld help us with? (Per response), Great!	
What is the best way for me to	o talk to some of your	potential volunteers about the	
opportunities we have availab	ole? (Presentation at a	an event, post notices at their office or	
event, face-to-face meeting w	vith their volunteer coo	ordinator, etc.).	
Thank you very much for you	r time today. I am plea	eased to hear your organization might be	
able to provide some voluntee	ers to help make a diff	ference. I look forward to meeting them at	:
(wherever or whatever you ha	ave agreed upon durin	ng the conversation). If you have any	

further questions, please feel free to call or email me at any time."

Face	to	face	Col	nta	ct
------	----	------	-----	-----	----

"Hello! I am	from	Thank you so much for
taking the time to meet w	ith me today. I am excited to	share with you some volunteer
opportunities at my skille	d nursing facility and am hopi	ng your volunteers might be a good fit.
(Briefly describe the spec	cific volunteer task(s) for which	h you are recruiting).

Does this sound like something your volunteers could help us with? (*Per response*), Great! What is the best way for me to talk to some of your potential volunteers about the opportunities we have available? (*Presentation at an event, post notices at their office or event, face-to-face meeting with their volunteer coordinator, etc.*).

Thank you very much for your time today. I am pleased to hear your organization might be able to provide some volunteers to help make a difference. I look forward to meeting them at (wherever or whatever you have agreed upon during the conversation). If you have any further questions, please feel free to call or email me at any time."

Individual Resident Interaction

General Responsibilities: Volunteer will provide quality individual interaction with a resident that appreciates his/her needs and interests.

Job Duties:

- 1) Gather information from staff about the resident's interests, likes, history, etc. If he/she is not attending facility activities, find out why.
- 2) Introduce yourself to the resident. Share information about yourself and get to know him/her.
- 3) Plan a regular, weekly time for a one-hour visit that works for both of your schedules.
- 4) Use information from the resident, the staff, and written handouts for ideas about how to spend time with the resident. Feel free to bring in items (such as pictures, magazines, playing cards, etc.) from home to facilitate some discussion or activity.
- 5) As you get to know the resident, please share your thoughts and insights with the Activity Director.

- There are plenty of resources for ideas, so don't worry about having to come up with ideas all on your own. Try a number of discussion topics and activities!
- Your interaction with the resident may be personal and meaningful. Do not share resident information with anyone outside of the facility.
- If you want to plan a food or movement-related activity, please check with nursing staff first regarding any restrictions.
- For some residents, your interaction may be the only outside contact that they have.
 Please honor your commitment by being prompt and regular in your visits.
- Anytime you have questions or concerns about your volunteer role, please do not hesitate to ask! The Activity Staff and Administrator are here to support you and to help make your volunteer experience rewarding for everyone.

Greeter

General Responsibilities: Volunteer will act as a Greeter to welcome visitors to our facility.

Job Duties:

- 1) As a Volunteer Greeter, you will be positioned near the building entrance to welcome all visitors to our facility. Greeters will be enthusiastic, welcoming, and smile.
- 2) Volunteer Greeters are asked to sign up for a two-hour shift.
- 3) Ask all visitors to sign the Visitor Book near the entrance and to put on a nametag. Greeters will also ask all visitors to sign out when they leave the facility.
- 4) Volunteer Greeters will be available to answer general questions, such as directions within the facility, procedures for signing in and out, activity schedule, etc. Any questions about specific residents or facility procedures will be politely directed to appropriate staff by the Greeter. All Greeters will be trained in how to answer these questions.
- 5) As you observe visitors and answer questions over the course of your volunteer experience, please share your thoughts and insights with the Activity Director.

- As a Volunteer Greeter, you will naturally observe residents and visitors. Do not share any resident information with anyone outside the facility.
- Visitors and residents will depend upon your presence at our facility. Please honor your commitment by being prompt and dependable.
- Anytime you have questions or concerns about your volunteer role, please do not
 hesitate to ask! The Activity Staff and Administrator are here to support you and to
 help make your volunteer experience rewarding for everyone.

Group Activity - (specify activity here)

General Responsibilities: Volunteer will lead or assist with quality resident group interaction as specified and discussed with the Activity Staff.

Job Duties:

- 1) Discuss specific needs for a volunteer group activity with the Activity Staff. (Examples of such activities may include Bingo, a Sports Night, or a specific interest discussion group. Be specific about the activity in this job description.)
- 2) Plan a regular weekly, biweekly, or monthly time for the group activity that works with your schedule and the facility.
- 3) With staff assistance, identify residents who would be interested in this group activity.
- 4) Introduce yourself to these residents and provide a brief, enthusiastic description of the group activity. Make a short flyer or card with the description of the group activity and the meeting time and place to leave with each resident.
- 5) Come prepared to lead or assist the Activity Staff leader. This may include set-up, assisting residents to and from the activity, and clean-up, as needed.
- 6) As you get to know the residents, please share your thoughts and insights with the Activity Director.

- Your interaction with residents may be personal and meaningful. Do not share resident information with anyone outside the facility.
- Residents will look forward to this activity and your presence. Please honor your commitment by being prompt and dependable.
- Anytime you have questions or concerns about your volunteer role, please do not
 hesitate to ask! The Activity Staff and Administrator are here to support you and to
 help make your volunteer experience rewarding for everyone.

Volunteer Coordinator

General Responsibilities: Volunteer will organize, recruit, schedule, and maintain all volunteer participation in our facility. The Volunteer Coordinator will also work with staff to plan strategies and events to retain quality volunteers.

Job Duties:

- Organize volunteer positions within the facility, based on input from the facility Administrator and Activity Director. Includes writing Volunteer Role Descriptions for each volunteer position with time commitments for each.
- 2) Recruit, as necessary, to fill the Volunteer Role Descriptions. Volunteers may be recruited from a number of community agencies (schools, churches, and service groups), family members of current or past residents, businesses neighboring the facility, etc.
- 3) Facilitate the process needed to help applicants become volunteers. All interested persons must complete an application, be interviewed by facility staff, and undergo volunteer orientation and training per facility policies and procedures in order to become a volunteer. Work with the Administrator, Activity Director, Director of Staff Development, and other staff to coordinate this process.
- 4) Input volunteer information into the facility's online volunteer management software, if applicable.
- 5) Maintain the volunteer schedule to enable volunteers to sign up for shifts. Will ensure that volunteer opportunities are posted on a regular basis and will recruit for any unfilled shifts.
- 6) Maintain, track, and report all volunteer participation. Print out monthly reports as requested by the Activity Director or Administrator (may include number of volunteer hours, volunteer participation based on activity type, volunteer age, etc.)
- 7) Meet monthly with facility staff to report on volunteer participation, and to discuss any challenges regarding organization, recruiting, and scheduling.

VOLUNTEER ROLE DESCRIPTION #4 (CONT.)

8) Work with Administrator, Activity Director, and other staff to develop strategies and plan events to recognize and retain quality volunteers (may include Volunteer of the month program, Volunteer Appreciation events, thank-you notes from residents, etc.)

- This is a very important role, but don't be overwhelmed! Many of the job duties listed are addressed in the How to Create a Robust Volunteer Program in Your Skilled
 Mursing Facility handbook. Please use it as a reference and a guide. If the facility has volunteer management software, it will make scheduling and reporting a breeze use it to your advantage.
- As a Volunteer Coordinator, you will naturally observe residents. Do not share any
 resident information with anyone outside the facility.
- Facility volunteers and residents will depend upon your presence. Please honor your commitment by being organized and dependable.
- Anytime you have questions or concerns about your volunteer role, please do not hesitate to ask! The Activity Staff and Administrator are here to support you and to

Virtual Individual Resident Interaction

General Responsibilities: Volunteer will provide virtual individual interaction that appreciates the resident's needs and interests.

Job Duties:

- 1) Collect information about resident(s) from activity staff, including interests and history.
- 2) Inquire about the best way to interact with the resident(s), i.e. FaceTime, Zoom, Skype, phone, etc.
- 3) Participate in a virtual introduction to the resident conducted by the activity staff via phone or video chat.
- 4) Develop rapport with the resident(s) by sharing information about yourself and getting to know him/her/them.
- 5) Establish a regular time (example: weekly) for virtual visit(s). Determine a time that works for you and the resident(s) while also taking into consideration the availability of required staff or electronic devices to be used during your visit.
- 6) Spend time with the resident, making use of supplied handouts and online resources for ideas about virtual visits and activities.
- 7) Coordinate with the Activity Director to determine how best to communicate with them about your experience with the resident. This time should be used to inform the staff on the status of the resident and share any insights.

- There are plenty of resources for ideas, so don't worry about having to come up with ideas all on your own. The activity staff and administrator are available to support you.
- Your interaction with this resident may be personal and meaningful. Do not share resident information with anyone outside the facility.
- Please find a place with good internet connection and privacy for your virtual visits.
- For some residents, your interaction may be the only outside contact they have.
 Please honor your commitment by being prompt and consistent in your visits.

SCRIPT FOR WELCOMING VOLUNTEERS

"Welcome to	We are very happy to have you here today and are		
excited about your interest i	n volunteering. I am	and I work here as	
the	Our Volunteer Coordinator is	Do	
you have an appointment w	ith her/him today?		
(Yes) Great!	I will let her/him know that you are here.		
` '	k. I will give you a welcome letter, her/his be her/him, and have you complete a volunte		

Please make yourself comfortable as you read the letter and complete the application, and let me know if you have any questions before you go. Thank you very much for coming in and I hope you are able to join us in the work we do!"

VOLUNTEER APPLICATION FORM

Name (first, middle, last):
Preferred Name:
Birthdate:
Address:
Home phone:
Cell phone:
Email:
Preferred method of contact (home phone, cell phone, email):
Please indicate why you want to volunteer:
List any prior experience in volunteer work:
List any special interests or hobbies:
Do you belong to any clubs or organizations? If so, list and describe your involvement:

How long do you plan to	volunteer at this orgar	nization?	
List any languages that y	/ou speak:		
Are you currently employ If yes, what type of work			
How did you hear about	volunteer opportunitie:	s at this facility?	
EMERGENCY CONTAC			
Please list at least one p	erson to be called in c	ase of an emergency.	
Please list at least one p		Relationship to you	Phone number
			Phone number
			Phone number
			Phone number
	me	Relationship to you	
REFERENCES Please list three people v	me	Relationship to you	
REFERENCES Please list three people vidependability.	who know you well and	Relationship to you d can attest to your cha	racter, skills, and
REFERENCES Please list three people vidependability.	who know you well and	Relationship to you d can attest to your cha	racter, skills, and
REFERENCES Please list three people vidependability.	who know you well and	Relationship to you d can attest to your cha	racter, skills, and

Please read the following carefully before initialing and signing:

I understand that this is an application for and not a commitment or promise of volunteer opportunity. I certify that I have and will provide information throughout the selection process, including on this application for a volunteer position and in interviews that is true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge. I certify that I have and will answer all questions to the best of my ability and that I have not and will not withhold any information that would unfavorably affect my application for a volunteer position. I understand that information contained on my application will be verified. I understand that misrepresentations or omissions may be cause for my immediate rejection as an applicant for a volunteer position or my termination as a volunteer.
I certify that all the information provided in this Volunteer Application is true and complete. I agree to have the statements checked. I understand that any false information or omissions may disqualify me from further consideration and may result in dismissal if discovered at a later date.
I am aware that a more detailed investigation concerning my background may also be conducted. I hereby authorize that investigation. I also understand that my volunteer status is contingent upon satisfactory completion of reference checks.
I understand that I will be given an orientation and necessary training related to my duties once I begin my service as a volunteer.
I understand that the volunteer service I will provide is voluntary in nature and will not be compensated.
I understand that volunteering is no guarantee of employment, nor does being a volunteer give me preference.
I have read and understand, and by my signature, consent to these statements.
Signature

Volunteer Preferences

Please indicate your availability: \Box Daily \Box Value Days you prefer to volunteer: \Box Monday \Box 1	Veekly □ Monthly 「uesday □ Wednesday □ Thursday □ Friday
☐ Saturday ☐ S	Sunday
What time are you available:: □ ar	m □ pm to: □ am □ pm
What date are you available to begin voluntee	er service:
Other scheduling considerations:	
Do you prefer to work with: ☐ Individual residence indicate preferred activities by checking the checking in the control of the checking in the control of the checking in th	·
Individual Activities	Group Programs
□ Reading books/magazines	□ Exercises
☐ Writing/reading letters	☐ Baking/cooking
□ Shopping	□ Movies
□ Passing mail	☐ Gardening
☐ Painting fingernails	□ Crafts
☐ Assisting residents to and from activities	☐ Current events
☐ Recruiting other volunteers	□ Sports
☐ Interviewing for life histories	☐ Assisting on outing
☐ One-on-one games	☐ Special events
□ Scrapbooking	☐ Weekend activities
Miscellaneous	☐ Sing along/music
□ Sewing	□ Serving refreshments
□ Decorating	□ Night activities
☐ Putting up calendars	□ Parties
☐ Assisting with planning events	☐ Bingo/table games
☐ Designing posters/flyers	☐ Men's group
☐ Putting up posters in the community	□ Women's group
☐ Assisting with newsletters	☐ Church/religious
☐ Talking to groups	□ Other:

VOLUNTEER INTERVIEW FORM

Name of Volunteer:	Date:
Why are you interested in this role, and what do yo	u hope to get out of volunteering?
What skills and experience do you have that you co	uld bring to this role?
Have you volunteered before?	
What have you enjoyed most about your previous v	volunteer or work experience?
Was there anything you didn't enjoy about your pre	evious volunteering or work experience?
Are there any tasks you would not like to do as a vo	lunteer?
Are there any additional needs or practical requiren	ments that you need to carry out the role?

VOLUNTEER ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FORM

I have received training on and understand the Communication Policies and
Procedures
I have received training on and understand the Residents' Rights and Facility
Responsibility Policies and Procedures
I have received training on and understand the Abuse, Neglect, and Exploitation
Policies and Procedures
I have received training on and understand the Quality Assurance and Performance
Improvement Policies and Procedures
I have received training on and understand the Infection Control Policies and
Procedures
I have received training on and understand the Compliance and Ethics Policies and
Procedures
I have received training on and understand the Behavioral Health Policies and
Procedures
I have received training on and understand the Dementia Policies and Procedures
I have received training on and understand the Accident Prevention Policies and
Procedures
I have received training on and understand the Confidentiality and HIPAA
Requirements Policy and Procedures
I have received training on and understand the Emergency Preparedness Policies and
Procedures
Volunteer Signature
Date

YOUTH VOLUNTEER PARENTAL CONSENT AND RELEASE FORM

I,	, being the parent or legal guardian of			
(th	ne Minor), hereby consent to and authorize him/her to act			
as a volunteer at (facility name). I acknowled				
	e Minor as a volunteer will be performed strictly on a			
voluntary basis, without any pay, cor	mpensation, or benefits. I agree and understand that the			
Minor must comply with the rules and	d regulations established by the skilled nursing facility			
and that failure to do so may result in	n the Minor's immediate removal as a volunteer.			
	ties to be performed by the Minor as a volunteer, and			
	er tasks, a risk of harm or injury exists. I agree that all			
•	ed by the Minor at his/her own risk and I assume full			
responsibility therefore.				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	our respective heirs and personal representatives, I agree			
to indemnity and not to hold				
• •	If responsible for any injury or damage sustained or			
	or in any way connected with the Minor's activities as a harge (facility name),			
	s from any and all claims, demands, causes of action of			
	ury or damage incurred or suffered by the Minor.			
any natana arabata, iarany atan'ny				
Signature of Parent/Legal Guardian	Date			
Printed Name of Parent/Legal Guard	lian			
Parent/Guardian email				
Parent/Guardian telephone number	for emergencies			

Volunteer Engagement - Volunteer Hours	Current Month	Prior Month	Past Prior Month
Sunday			
Monday			
Tuesday			
Wednesday			
Thursday			
Friday			
Saturday			
Monthly Totals			

Instructions: Enter total volunteer hours by day over the month. Look for trends in total monthly hours and significant variations in the days month over month.

Root Cause Analysis/Discussion (identify trends and discuss causes/intervention actions):					
Action plan:	_				

Volunteer Engagement - Intergenerational Volunteer Hours	Current Month	Prior Month	Past Prior Month
Weekdays - Age up to 18			
Weekdays - Ages 19-39 (young adult)			
Weekdays - Ages 40-64 (adult)			
Weekdays - over 65 (senior)			
Weekends - Age up to 18			
Weekends - Ages 19-39 (young adult)			
Weekends - Ages 40-64 (adult)			
Weekends - over 65 (senior)			
Total Hours - Youth			
Total Hours - Adult			
Total Hours - Senior			

Instructions: Enter total volunteer hours on weekdays and weekends represented by each age group over the month. Look for trends in total monthly hours and significant variations in the volunteer hours of each category month over month.

Root Cause Analysis/Discussion (identify trends and discuss causes/intervention actions):			
Action plan:			

Volunteer Engagement - Volunteer Activity Hours	Current Month	Prior Month	Past Prior Month
Birthday Party			
Religious Services			
1:1 Visit			
Cooking			
Animal			
Arts			
Book Club			
Monthly Totals			

Instructions: Enter total volunteer hours by activity over the month. Look for trends in monthly totals of hours and as well as variations in the activity hours month over month.

Root Cause Analysis/Discussion (identify trends and discuss causes/intervention actions):			
Action plan:			

Volunteer Engagement - Volunteer Recruitment Efforts	Current Month	Prior Month	Past Prior Month
Number of Flyers. Include flyers distributed,			
posted, or maintained in public areas.			
Outreach efforts to community organizations			
(e.g. local churches, schools, clubs) that may			
have volunteers. List # of calls / emails / visits.			
Posts to online volunteering boards			
(e.g. VolunteerMatch.org, AllforGood.org).			
Include new posts or any active posts online.			
Announcements made to staff or current			
volunteers about need for additional volunteers.			
Community events attended			
Other (describe):			
Monthly Totals			

Instructions: Enter volunteer recruitment efforts in each area over the month. Look for trends in total recruitment efforts and variations in the different recruitment types month over month.

Root Cause Analysis/Discussion (identify trends and discuss causes/intervention actions):		
Action plan:		

CONSENT TO PHOTOGRAPH AND AUTHORIZATION FOR USE OR DISCLOSURE

Volunteer Name:	
I hereby consent to being photographed v	vhile volunteering at The
term "photograph" includes video or still p	hotography, in digital or any other format and any
other means of recording or reproducing i	mages. I hereby authorize the use of the
photographs by, or disclosure of the photographs	ographs to
Purpose:	
I hereby authorize the use or disclosure o	f the photographs in order to assist educational,
public relations, marketing, news media, a	and charitable goals, and I hereby waive any right to
compensation for such uses.	
Expiration:	
This authorization expires:	Upon expiration of this authorization,
will not permit	further release of any photograph, but will not be
able to call back any photographs or infor	mation already released.
Volunteer Signature	
Date	

Reasons to volunteer at

Develop new skills

Expand your horizons

Connect with your community

Make the world a better place

Renew a sense of purpose

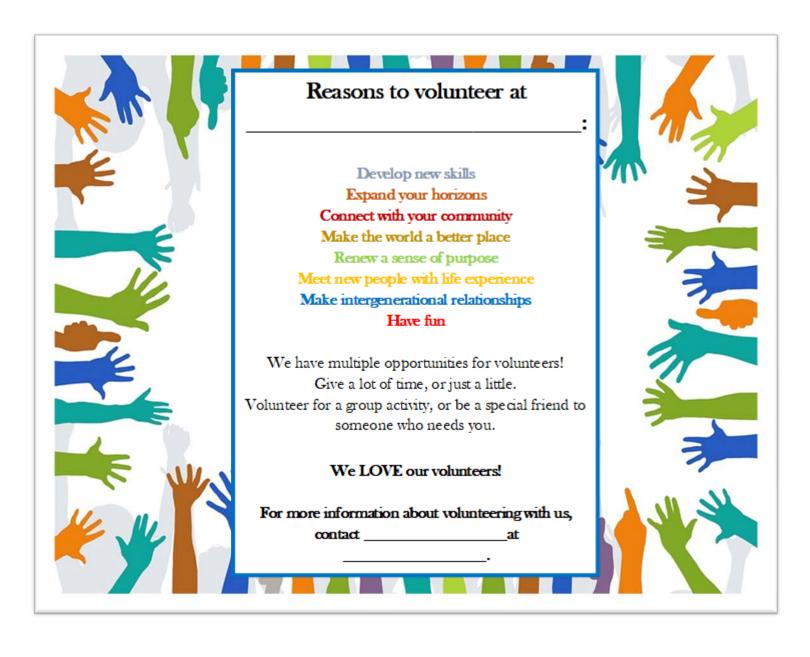
Meet new people with life experience

Make intergenerational relationships

Have fun

We have opportunities for you to become a special friend to someone who needs you. Volunteer a little, or a lot!

We will support you every step of the way.







Reasons to volunteer at a skilled nursing facility:

Develop new skills

Expand your horizons

Connect with your community

Make the world a better place Renew a sense of purpose

Meet new people with life experience

Make intergenerational relationships

Have fun

We have multiple opportunities for volunteers - both in person and from your home! Give a lot of time, or just a little. Volunteer at an event, or be a special friend virtually to someone who needs you.

Read, walk, sing, play games - be creative!

At		_, we LOVI	L' our volunteers!
For more	information a	bout volunte	eering with us,
co	ontact		at

VOLUNTEER

at

Develop new skills

Expand your horizons

Connect with your community

Renew a sense of purpose

Meet new people with life experience

Develop intergenerational relationships

Have fun

Make the world a better place



We have multiple opportunities for volunteers! Give a lot of time, or just a little.

Volunteer for a group activity, or be a special friend to someone who needs you.

We LOVE our volunteers!

For more information about volunteering with us, contact _____ at

APPENDICES: VOLUNTEER HANDOUTS



CONFIDENTIALITY & HEALTH INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT

HIPAA and	Confidentiality	of Protected	Health	Information

respects the personal privacy of its clients (clients being
defined as people residing here, recipients of our services, and our employees) and
understands the sensitive nature of its clients' health information. We also recognize that
federal and state laws require that individually identifiable health information must be
safeguarded against improper use or disclosure. It is our policy not to use or disclose a
client's health information except as permitted by law and to adopt safeguards to protect the
confidentiality of its clients' health information.

We appreciate your enthusiasm about your volunteer work and note the desire to share your experiences here with your family and friends on social media; however, we will ask that you NOT post pictures of residents, staff, or events on social media sites without expressed written permission from the Volunteer Coordinator, residents, and staff.

As a volunteer, you have received specific training about confidentiality and HIPAA laws. Please keep this training in mind every time you talk about your volunteer experience at our facility.

Thank you!

100 THINGS TO DO WHILE VISITING AN OLDER ADULT

- 1. Talk about what you both have been up to since your last visit together
- 2. Share photos of family and friends, from long ago or more recently
- 3. Create a photo album, framed photograph collection, or poster to hang up
- 4. Make a special scrapbook celebrating the older adult's lifetime
- 5. Write or tape the older adult's memoirs or autobiography
- 6. Share your own favorite stories or memories
- 7. Bring vacation photos, souvenirs, maps, and stories of your travels
- 8. Read aloud from newspapers and magazines to help him/her stay in touch
- 9. Look at magazines with large, colorful pictures together
- 10. Google the older adult's hometown news to share
- 11. Read inspirational articles, magazines, or poems
- 12. Read emails from your family and friends
- 13. Help the older adult write letters to send out
- 14. Find a pen pal and help the older adult correspond
- 15. Create a poster or mobile from magazine pictures
- 16. Bring items relating to the current season or upcoming holiday to discuss
- 17. Visit at lunchtime and bring your lunch eat together inside or outside
- 18. Enjoy a cup of a favorite beverage that you bring along (with RN approval)
- 19. Bring a musical instrument you play for a private concert
- 20. Teach the older adult to play a musical instrument
- 21. Sing, hum, or whistle together
- 22. Find an age-appropriate play list and play "name that tune"
- 23. Listen to music together
- 24. Play charades
- 25. Wind or ball yarn for a knitting project either of you is working on
- 26. Work on a craft project together
- 27. Do an art project together even if it is new to both of you
- 28. Make simple gifts for the older adult's grandchildren
- 29. Bring along your sewing basket or button box to organize together
- 30. Build a bird feeder to hang outside the older adult's window
- 31. Bring along a bird book and see how many you can identify
- 32. Bring out the mending while you visit yours or theirs
- 33. Brush, comb, or style the older adult's hair
- 34. Paint her nails
- 35. Ask for help in planning your garden and bring seed/flower catalogs
- 36. Plant or take care of a planter together
- 37. Create a terrarium together the requires little maintenance
- 38. Play word, guessing, and trivia games

Appendix P

- 39. Play card, table, or board games
- 40. Do crossword puzzles together
- 41. Do jigsaw puzzles small ones you can finish or large ones over time
- 42. Watch television together and discuss the shows
- 43. Download an old favorite movie or musical to share together
- 44. Go window shopping in fancy catalogs just for fun
- 45. Bring along a favorite or new recipe to discuss or plan a meal
- 46. Bring items to stimulate the sense of smell spices, perfume, etc.
- 47. Bring in different textured fabrics to touch silk, wool, denim, velvet
- 48. Bring items or artwork your children or grandchildren have made at school
- 49. Start a collection or hobby you both enjoy
- 50. Find others who share that collection or hobby and invite them to visit
- 51. Read a new chapter of a novel each time you visit
- 52. Write poetry or a short story together
- 53. Look at and listen to an old-fashioned music box
- 54. Make a "joy box" by decorating and filling a shoe box with favorite items
- 55. Watch the seasons change outside the window
- 56. Take pictures of the changing seasons and keep a picture diary
- 57. Keep a mutual journal of the interesting things you've done together
- 58. Make potpourri together and display in the room
- 59. Tell jokes bring along a joke book
- 60. Cut out his/her favorite comic strip on Sunday to share at your next visit
- 61. Bring along an old friend of the older adult for a special reunion
- 62. Take a picture of him/her to share with family, and ask for photos in return (with their permission)
- 63. Take a walk or wheel outside, sit on the porch or patio (with RN permission)
- 64. Bring your children or grandchildren for a visit
- 65. Make scarves, mittens, or toys to donate
- 66. Celebrate the holidays with special parties for two
- 67. Keep track of a favorite sports team
- 68. Learn a new word each time you get together
- 69. Challenge the older adult to a spelling bee
- 70. Play along with a television game show
- 71. Dance, clap, or tap your feet to the older adult's favorite song
- 72. Bring a travel book or brochure to dream about a fantasy vacation
- 73. Use small rhythm instruments or kazoos to make your own music
- 74. Read the Farmer's Almanac and see which predictions come true
- 75. Play tic-tac-toe or hangman
- 76. Ask the older adult to share memories of community changes over the years
- 77. Make a list of the older adult's favorites movies, music, teachers, celebrities- to put up in the room
- 78. Talk about what you would both do if you had one million dollars
- 79. Design and make your own holiday cards to send
- 80. Toss cards into a hat, pitch pennies, play marbles
- 81. Sit and hold the older adult's hand and be a good listener

Appendix P

- 82. Try to draw each other's portraits
- 83. Recite nursery rhymes and children's songs from each of your childhoods
- 84. Work on a latch hook rug for her/his room while you visit
- 85. Watch your favorite YouTube videos with the older adult
- 86. Find YouTube videos she/he would like and watch together
- 87. Play solitaire together
- 88. Bring modeling clay or Play-Doh and try sculpting something together
- 89. Invite the older adult to dictate a letter to a solider that you can write and mail through a non-profit organization like Soldier's Angels or Operation Gratitude
- 90. Discuss your favorite family traditions with each other
- 91. Facilitate a phone call or video chat with the older adult and their loved ones
- 92. Ask the older adult about their career or their education
- 93. Talk about a close friend of yours and invite the older adult to speak about close friends that they have had in their lifetime. Bring an associated item hold and talk about at your next visit.
- 94. Learn chair dancing techniques together
- 95. Review the words that have been added to Webster's dictionary in recent years
- 96. Make necklaces with large beads and string
- 97. Play road trip games in the room, like I-spy and the alphabet game
- 98. Bring in different types of flowers or fauna from nearby. Work together to identify and learn about these different plants (being careful not to bring in pests or allergens)
- 99. Bring in handheld video game devices to play with the older adults
- 100. Learn a new language together

50 IDEAS FOR VIRTUAL INTERACTION WITH OLDER ADULTS

Here are some ideas for interaction using a phone or tablet

- Ask questions about the past: https://www.aplaceformom.com/caregiverresources/articles/engaging-questions
- 2. Share your own favorite stories and memories
- 3. Read aloud from newspapers or magazines to help him/her stay informed
- 4. Google the older adult's hometown for news to share
- 5. Read from a favorite book of poetry or a novel
- 6. Listen to music or sing together
- 7. Discuss your favorite vacations and view 360-degree photos from some famous travel destinations: http://www.fullscreen360.com/
- 8. Show off your pet by video or access a pet therapy tele-visit: https://catdogs.org/teledog/
- 9. Watch the same television program and discuss the show
- 10. Write poetry or a short story together
- 11. Tell jokes: https://www.suddenlysenior.com/favorite-senior-joke-book/
- 12. Learn a new word at every visit
- 13. Play along with a television game show
- 14. Play 20 Questions
- 15. Discuss the current season and the changes it brings
- 16. Talk about recent or upcoming holidays and traditions
- 17. Play Name That Tune: https://apple.co/3jG1SMy
- 18. Talk about what you have been up to since your last virtual visit
- 19. Give them a virtual tour around your home or yard
- 20. Read inspirational stories about people doing good
- 21. Play a virtual board game together:
 https://www.smithsonianmag.com/innovation/twelve-board-games-you-can-play-friends-afar-180974686/
- 22. Play a Word Search online together: https://www.arkadium.com/games/daily-word-search/
- 23. Talk about what you would both do if you had a million dollars
- 24. Meditate together: https://www.mindful.org/audio-resources-for-mindfulness-meditation/
- 25. Find YouTube videos about a subject he/she would like and watch together
- 26. Invite the older adult to watch you cooking and discuss their favorite recipes or foods
- 27. Play an instrument on video chat and invite the older adult to request their favorite type of music
- 28. Play online games for seniors. You play on your end, them on theirs and compare scores: https://games.aarp.org/category/all-games
- 29. Read the Bible or other spiritual books and discuss faith

Appendix Q

- 30. Show off a home improvement project you are undertaking and ask the older adult's advice if they are interested, for example on interior decoration or a home remodel project
- 31. Watch an online museum tour together and discuss your views on art
- 32. Draw pictures together and share
- 33. Invite them to watch while you put plants in a pot or garden bed and use it as an opportunity to discuss nature. Keep them up to date with how the plant is growing on successive visits
- 34. Watch sports videos online and discuss favorite sports teams
- 35. Create a secret handshake together
- 36. Watch TED talks together and facilitate a conversation about the chosen topic
- 37. Participate in online volunteer opportunities together. You can find ideas on VolunteerMatch.org or other volunteer service boards online
- 38. If the older adult speaks another language, ask them to teach you a few words or phrases. If you speak another language, teach the older adult a few words or phrases
- 39. Watch online religious services together
- 40. Play top songs from decades past and share your memories around those songs
- 41. Do in-chair exercise together
- 42. Bird watch together through live video streams: https://bit.ly/30BUNUp
- 43. Watch the live video stream from the International Space Station on nasa.gov. Discuss science and space exploration together
- 44. Stream PBS Documentaries together: www.pbs.org
- 45. Discuss major historical events from your lifetimes and share related photos from your personal archives or found online
- 46. Complete a crossword puzzle together, asking the older adult for answers while you read the clues.
- 47. If you have children, introduce them to the older adult or share photos. Ask the older adult about their children, grandchildren, or nieces and nephews
- 48. Share stress management strategies with each other
- 49. Choreograph a special dance that the two of you can do together, being mindful of the older adult's abilities and limitations.
- 50. Write a song together and perform it for others on a group video chat.

8 LONG-TERM HEALTH BENEFITS OF VOLUNTEERING

By Claire Shinn, Sponsored by Reward Volunteers

The impact of volunteerism can be felt in communities of all shapes and sizes. No matter the size of the community, though, the impact of volunteerism is always huge.

Wherever it occurs, volunteering exists to help others. But volunteerism's best-kept secret is this: it's good for you, too. We did some digging to find out all the reasons why volunteering rocks.

- 1. Boosts self-esteem Volunteering helps build a strong safety net for when you're experiencing trying times. With those strong social ties, you're always surrounded by a community that's willing to help you out when times get tough. When you volunteer, you become a part of someone else's safety net, too. By helping others, you'll build a greater sense of trust and self-esteem.
- **2. Expands your connections -** The relationships you can create while volunteering are endless. You connect to others through volunteering, and if you do it regularly, you can maintain those valuable social networks into the future. You can make new friends and keep the old by engaging in a common activity like volunteering. With a larger social network, you'll have more resources at your fingertips, which leads to better physical, mental and emotional health.
- 3. Makes you feel good If you've ever volunteered before, you've probably experienced this: volunteering makes you happy! Researchers at the London School of Economics found that people become happier by volunteering more. When you give your time to others, you attain a personal sense of accomplishment, which accounts for some of the positive effects that volunteering has on your mood. There's a threshold to reaping the full benefits of volunteering, though. In order to soak up all the positive effects of community service, you need to set aside some time for it. Volunteers who commit at least one or two hours every week reap the fullest benefits from their service.
- **4. Contributes to a longer life -** Volunteering does more than boost your mood it also has effects on your physical well-being. Volunteers encounter greater longevity and less frequency of heart disease. Volunteers may be at a lower risk for memory loss, too. The social interaction can significantly reduce the progress of Alzheimer's and other types of dementia. Happier and healthier life? Count me in.
- **5. Gives purpose -** As people get older, they experience a higher risk for isolation. Volunteering combats that statistic by adding a sense of purpose to your life. The same goes for people with Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder, Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder and other mental illnesses. No matter who you are, there are plenty of ways to give your life new meaning by helping others.

Appendix R

- **6. Combats stress -** Volunteering goes beyond just being something fun to do; it decreases stress, too. Studies on the "Happiness Effect" of volunteering show that you become happier the more you volunteer. When you assist others, your body releases dopamine in the brain, which has a positive effect on how you feel. Volunteers also experience lower levels of depression.
- 7. Gives a good example Volunteering as a family is a great way to teach important lessons to your children. Kids are always learning from the example you set for them, so make sure it's a good one! You can show the impact of volunteering through your actions. By giving back to the community, you can lay the foundation for service in the years to come. Volunteering doesn't just have to inspire kids, either! You can share your experiences through programs like Reward Volunteers, which lets you connect with other volunteers, find new opportunities and win prizes for your community service. Through sharing your service, you can inspire others. Bringing smiles to other volunteers will bring one to you, too.
- **8. Teaches new skills -** Live a little! Volunteering gives you the opportunity to explore new skills and interests that you might not get to enjoy otherwise. You can broaden your horizons while helping others at the same time. If you're looking to change things up a little, you can also try out a new job or role without having to commit to something long-term. Volunteering gives you the inside scoop on how some organizations operate, and it can hook you up with some helpful references if you're serious about making a job switch.

From improving your physical well-being to boosting your mindset, volunteering does a world of good. Most times, you can see the impact of giving your time right off the bat. With all the health perks associated with volunteering, there's really no reason why you shouldn't give it a shot. By helping improve your community, you're also helping yourself. It's a win-win! Once you get in the swing of things, you'll be a happy and healthy volunteer in no time.